The College District is required under the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA) Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code, to adopt a written investment policy. The College District is required to comply with the investment policy as approved by the Board in accordance with the standard of care as set forth in Chapter 2256.006, Texas Government Code.

The College District will invest public funds in a manner that provides the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the College District, providing maximum potential interest earnings, and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds.

This investment policy applies to all financial assets of the College District. All funds are accounted for in the College District’s Annual Financial and Compliance Report.

Investments will be made with judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation, but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

The standard of prudence to be used by investment officers will be the “prudent person” standard and will be applied in the context of managing the overall portfolio. Investment officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence will be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security’s credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

Prudent measures will be used to liquidate any investment that is downgraded to less than the required minimum rating.

The primary objectives, in priority order, of the College District’s investment activities will be:

1. Safety: Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the College District’s investment program. Investments of the College District will be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio.

2. Liquidity: The College District’s investment portfolio will remain sufficiently liquid to enable the College District to meet all operating requirements that might be reasonably anticipated.
Designated Officers

The College District’s chief financial officer, the associate vice president of accounting and financial reporting, and the associate vice president/controller are expressly authorized by the Board to cause the investment of all available College District funds consistent with this policy and are therefore designated as the investment officers. Because of the various duties and responsibilities related to managing the investment portfolio, the College District’s designated investment officers may delegate specific support duties and responsibilities to the revenues and receivables accountant. No person may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy.

The College District may contract with a Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)-registered investment adviser for non-discretionary management of the portfolio.

Ethics and Conflicts of Interest

Officers and employees involved in the investment process will refrain from personal business activity that could conflict with proper execution of the College District’s investment program or that could impair their ability to make impartial investment decisions. Investment officers who have a personal business relationship with a business organization seeking to sell investments to the College District will file a statement disclosing the relationship to the College District’s Board. Any material financial interests in financial institutions that conduct business with the College District, as well as any personal financial/investment positions that could be related to or have an impact upon the performance of the College District’s portfolio, will be disclosed.

Additionally, any investment officer who is related within the second degree by affinity or consanguinity, as determined under Chapter 573, to an individual seeking to sell an investment to the College District will file a statement disclosing that relationship to the Texas Ethics Commission. A personal business relationship for this disclosure is defined as:

1. Owning ten percent or more of the voting stock or shares of the business organization or owning $5,000 or more of the fair market value of the business organization;

2. Receiving funds from the business organization exceeding ten percent of gross income for the previous year; or
3. Acquiring from the business organization during the previous year investments with a book value of $2,500 or more for a personal account.

Sellers of Investments

Prior to authorization by the College District as a broker/dealer for the College District, a broker/dealer or a qualified representative of a business organization must submit required written documents in accordance with law.

The firm and representatives of brokers/dealers will be registered with the Texas State Securities Board and must have membership in the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), and be in good standing with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). A copy of the policy will be sent to every authorized broker/dealer.

Authorized Financial Dealers and Institutions

The College District will maintain a list of qualified brokers/dealers authorized to engage in investment transactions. The Board will annually review, revise, and adopt this list of qualified brokers.

All approved brokers must have completed a College District broker/dealer questionnaire and will be sent a copy of the investment policy for their records.

Approved brokers will have a current financial statement on file and, if applicable, will have executed a Master Repurchase Agreement.

Local government pools will be sent a copy of the policy and must certify that they have reviewed that policy.

Authorized Investments

The College District will pursue a conservative, proactive approach to investment activity, including bond proceeds and pledged revenue to the extent allowed by law, and although other investments may be authorized by law, the College District may invest only in investments authorized by the Board as listed below:

1. Treasury bills, treasury notes, and treasury bonds of the United States and other direct obligations of the agencies and instrumentalities of the United States.

2. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured or collateralized time or demand deposits issued by a state or national bank domiciled in this state that are:
   a. Insured by the FDIC or its successor; or
   b. Secured by obligations described by the Public Funds Collateral Act, Chapter 2257.
3. Fully collateralized repurchase agreements, as expressly defined in Section 2256.011, Texas Government Code.

4. Local government investment pools approved by the College District’s Board, by resolution, with a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service, and striving to maintain a $1 net asset value.

5. AAA-rated money market mutual funds meeting the following criteria:
   a. The fund must be registered with and regulated by the SEC;
   b. The fund must have a dollar-weighted average stated maturity of not more than 60 days;
   c. An established objective of the fund must be to maintain a stable net asset value of $1 for each share;
   d. The fund must comply with SEC Rule 2a-7; and
   e. The fund must meet all requirements of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act, as amended.

6. Domestic commercial paper rated A1/P1 or equivalent with a maximum maturity of 180-270 days.

7. Obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any U.S. state rated A or equivalent by a nationally recognized investment rating agency.

8. FDIC-insured brokered certificates of deposit securities issued by any bank in the U.S. delivery-versus-payment (DVP) to the College District’s safekeeping agent.

9. Share certificates of credit unions domiciled in the state insured by the National Credit Union Insurance Fund.

9.10. Interest bearing accounts in any bank in Texas, FDIC insured or collateralized in accordance with this policy.

Prohibited Investments

The College District is strictly prohibited from investing in any of the following collateralized mortgage obligations (CMO):

1. Obligations whose payment represents the coupon payments on the outstanding principal balance of the underlying mortgage-backed security collateral and pays no principal.
Collateralization

Collateralization will be required on all bank time or demand deposits and repurchase agreements. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level will be 102 percent of market value of principal and accrued interest. The custodian will be independent and outside the holding company of the pledging institution or repurchase agreement counter-party.

Acceptable collateral for depository time and demand deposits includes only:

- Obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities;
- Obligations of or guaranteed by state and local governmental entities if rated “A” or better; and
- FHLB letters of credit.

Acceptable collateral for repurchase agreements includes only:

- Obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies, and instrumentalities; and
- Obligations of or guaranteed by state and local governmental entities if rated “A” or better.

All these securities are authorized by the Public Funds Collateral Act, Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code.

Additional collateral may be pledged or purchased as required, released as it is not needed, and substituted, if necessary, with the written consent of the investment officer.

Safekeeping

All security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, entered into by the College District will be conducted on a DVP basis. Securities owned by the College District will be held by a College District contracted third-party safekeeping institution. Safekeeping receipts and clearance documents will be required for
all securities purchased or sold by the College District and held in safekeeping by an authorized third party.

**Diversification**
Diversification by investment maturity based on cash flow needs will reduce the impact of adverse market fluctuations.

**Maximum Maturities**
To the extent possible, the College District will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements except the College District will not invest in securities maturing more than 36 months from the date of purchase.

The maximum dollar weighted average maturity of the total portfolio will not exceed 12 months.

**Internal Controls**
Duties related to investment activities will be delegated so that segregation of duties will be maintained with respect to purchasing, recording, authorizing, and reconciling investment accounts. The College District’s designated investment officers will be responsible for all investment decisions. Written signature authorization of two of the aforementioned investment officers will be required to execute all investment purchases or sales.

As part of the annual financial audit, the external auditors will perform a compliance audit of management controls on investments and adherence to investment policies and procedures.

**Delivery Versus Payment**
All security transactions (with the exception of pool or money funds) by the College District will be settled “delivery versus payment.” That is, the College District authorizes the safekeeping institution to release its funds only after a purchased security has been received by the institution.

**Competitive Bidding Required**
All investments will be purchased or sold on a competitive basis with bids or offers from a minimum of three College District authorized brokers/dealers for the best yield and maturity. New issue agencies must be compared to comparable securities as a competitive bid.

**Monitoring Credit Ratings**
The investment officer or investment adviser will monitor, on no less than a weekly basis, the credit rating on all authorized investments in the portfolio based upon independent information from a nationally recognized rating agency. If any security falls below the minimum rating required by policy, the investment officer or adviser will notify the CFO of the loss of rating, conditions affecting the rating, and possible loss of principal with liquidation options available, within five days after the loss of the required rating.

**Loss of Credit Rating**
The College District will monitor the credit ratings on securities that require minimum ratings. This may be accomplished through staff
research or with the assistance of brokers/dealers, banks, safe-
keeping agents, advisers, or other independent sources. In the
event that the credit rating of any security falls below the minimum
required rating, the College District will take all prudent measures
that are consistent with its policy to liquidate the investment.

The College District is not required to liquidate investments that
were authorized investments at the time of purchase. [See
2256.017]

Monitoring FDIC Coverage
The investment officer or investment adviser will monitor, on no
less than a weekly basis, the status and ownership of all banks is-
suing brokered CDs owned by the College District based upon in-
formation from the FDIC. If any bank has been acquired, or
merged with another bank in which brokered CDs are owned, the
investment officer or adviser will immediately liquidate any bro-
kered CD and/or interest-bearing investments that places the Col-
lege District above the FDIC insurance level.

Reporting
Not less than quarterly, a written report of investment transactions
for all funds will be prepared and signed by the investment officers
and will be submitted to the Board. Reports will be prepared in ac-
cordance with requirements as specified in Section 2256.023,
Texas Government Code. The quarterly written reports will be re-
viewed annually during the compliance audit of an independent au-
ditor with the results reported to the Board.

Market Price
The investment portfolio will be marked to market monthly. Pricing
information will be obtained from sources deemed independent
and comparable by the associate vice president of accounting and
financial reporting or the associate vice president/controller. If the
price of a security is not available, the price may be estimated by
analyzing similar securities’ market values (matrix pricing).

Training
The College District’s chief financial officer, the associate vice pres-
ident of accounting and financial reporting, and the associate vice
president/controller, being designated by the Board as the invest-
ment officers for the College District, will receive ten hours of in-
struction in accordance with the PFIA of the State of Texas within
the first 12 months of assuming the position. Every succeeding two
years the officers will receive at least ten additional hours of train-
ing relating to investment responsibility from an independent
source approved by the Board.

Investment Policy Review and Adoption
The College District’s investment policy will be adopted by written
resolution of the Board stating that the Board has reviewed the in-
vestment policy and strategy and will include any changes made to
either. The investment policies and strategies will be reviewed by
the Board not less than annually. All revisions will be formally approved by the Board.

**Investment Strategy**

The College District maintains portfolios that use four specific investment strategy considerations designed to address the unique characteristics of the fund groups represented in the portfolio(s). The weighted average maturity of the overall portfolio will not exceed one year.

Strategies for the investment of College District funds will address:

1. Investment suitability as it relates to the financial requirements and credit concerns of the College District;

2. Preservation and safety of principal to ensure that capital losses are avoided whether they be from defaults or erosion of market value;

3. Liquidity to the extent needed to pay the College District’s obligations as they become due;

4. Investment marketability provided the need arises for the College District to liquidate the investment prior to its maturity date, although securities of all types are purchased with the intention of holding until maturity;

5. Investment diversification by maturity and market sector; and

6. Yield to attain the best yield on investments, while considering risk constraints and cash flow needs; the basis or benchmark used to determine whether market yields are being achieved will be the one-year Treasury Bill chosen for its comparability to the portfolio’s maximum weighted average maturity.

**Operating Fund**

The primary objective of the investment strategy for the operating fund will be to ensure that anticipated cash flows are matched with adequate investment liquidity. Maturities will be staggered to meet operating expenditures, based on known and projected cash flows and market conditions. Thirty-six months is the maximum maturity for the majority of securities in the portfolio.

**Building Fund**

The primary objective of the investment strategy for the building fund will be to ensure that maturities are matched with anticipated cash flows. Maturities will be staggered so that they coincide with estimated draw down dates based on construction schedules and estimated project completion dates.

**Debt Service Fund**

The primary objective of the investment strategy for the debt service fund will be to ensure that investment liquidity is adequate to
Debt Service Reserve Funds

cover each succeeding debt service obligation on the required payment date. No investments may be made that exceed the next unfunded debt service payment date.

Debt service reserves have no anticipated expenditures. The funds are deposited to provide annual debt service payment protection to bond holders. Market conditions and arbitrage regulation compliance determine the advantage of security diversification and liquidity. Generally, if investment rates exceed the applicable arbitrage yield for a specific bond issue, the College District is best served by locking in investment maturities and reducing liquidity. If the arbitrage yield cannot be exceeded, the concurrent market conditions will determine the attractiveness of locking in maturities or investing shorter and anticipating future increased yields. Managing the portfolios maturities to not exceed the call provisions of the bond issue will reduce the investment's market risk if the College District’s bonds are called and the reserve fund liquidated. No investment maturity will exceed three years. All portfolio investments will be in compliance with bond covenants and insurance requirements of all bond issues.